Name:

Pd:

MOLARITY PRACTICE

<u>Calculating Molarity Practice</u>: Show all your work including units and substance. Box your final answer. <u>Reminder</u>: 1000 mL = 1 Liter

- 1. What is the **definition**, **formula**, and **unit** of molarity?
- 2. Calculate the **molarity** of 0.120 moles NaHCO₃ in 0.50 L of solution.
- 3. Calculate the **number of moles** of NaCl contained in 0.500L of a 2.5M solution.
- 4. Calculate the **molarity** of 3.2 moles of sugar, C₁₂H₂₂O₁₁ in 0.5 L of solution.
- 5. What is the **molar concentration** of 1.0 mol of KCl dissolved in 750.0 <u>mL</u> of solution? (Δ to L)
- 6. Calculate the **number of moles** of NaOH contained in 250 <u>mL</u> of a 0.05M solution. (Δ to L)
- 7. Calculate the **molarity** of 29.25 grams of NaCl in 2.0 liters of solution. (Δ to mol)
- 8. How many **grams** of NaCl are contained in the solution discussed in problem #3?

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9. Which solution is more concentrated? SHOW WORK!

- a. Solution "A" contains <u>50.0 g</u> of CaCO₃ in 500.0 <u>mL</u> of solution.
- b. Solution "B" contains 6.0 moles of H_2SO_4 in 4.0 L of solution.

10. How many liters of solution can be produced from 2.5 moles of solute if a 2.0 M solution is needed?

11. What **volume** of a 0.25 M solution can be made using 0.55 moles of Ca(OH)₂?

12. How many **moles** of H_2SO_4 are present in 1.63 liters of a 0.954 M solution?